

Integral University, Lucknow

Integral University, Lucknow										
Effective from Session: 2025-26										
Course Code		A080301T/HE211	Title of the Course	History of Economic Thought	L	Т	P	C		
Year		$\mathbf{II}^{\mathrm{nd}}$	Semester	III rd	6	0	0	6		
Pre-Requ	uisite	Intermediate	Co-requisite	None						
Course (Objectives	This course of the history of economic thought covers the economic theories of the past and their evolution and development till date. The study of economic ideas of the past is not only challenging but also enlightening. In this light, this course attempts to make the students of economics acquainted with the evolution of economic ideas as a response to immediate economic problems and policy issues. This course will also help the students to understand how contemporary economics has taken the present shape. Course Outcomes								
CO1	Given foundational texts and philosophical contexts, students will analyze the historical evolution of economic thought from ancient to modern times.									
CO2	Using key doctrines and theories, students will critically compare major schools of economic thought across historical periods.									
CO3	Using primary text	ts and commentaries on Indi	an economic thinkers, appra	ise their contributions to assess their influence on econom	nic poli	cymakin	g in Ind	ia		
CO4	With access to class historical context.	ssical writings, students will	interpret the significance of	the marginalist revolution and apply general and partial of	equilib	rium frar	neworks	in		
CO5	Students will evalue such as trade and p	e	f classical economists like Sn	nith, Ricardo, and Malthus and assess their relevance to r	nacroe	conomic	debates			
CO6										
CO7	Using the contribu dynamics.	tions of Marshall, Pigou, an	d Schumpeter, students will	synthesize ideas on pricing, consumer behavior, welfare,	and en	treprene	urial			
CO8	Students will assest toward formalism	9	onomists (e.g., Jevons, Walra	s, Bohm-Bawerk, Wicksell) in shaping modern microeco	nomic	theory a	nd the sl	iift		

	toward formatism in economics.		
Unit No.	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Kautilya's Arthshastra, Dada Bhai Naoroji, G.K. Gokhale, BR Ambedkar, Gandhian Economics.	7	CO1
2	Pt. Deen Dayal Upadhyay, JK Mehta, A K Sen, J. Bhagwati.	7	CO2
3	Early Period: Economic thought of Plato and Aristotle - Doctrines of Just Cost and Just Price.	7	CO3
4	Mercantilism: Main Characteristics; Physiocracy: Natural Order, Primacy of Agriculture, Social Classes, Tableau Economique, Taxation, Turgot – Economic ideas of Petty, Locke, and Hume.	7	CO4
5	Classical Period: Adam Smith - Division of Labour, Theory of Value, Capital Accumulation, Distribution, Views on Trade; David Ricardo, Distribution, Ideas on International Trade; Malthus-Theory of Population, Ricardo-Malthus controversy over Gluts.	8	CO5
6	German Romantics and Socialists — Sismondi, Karl Marx — Dynamics of Social Change, Labour Theory of Value, Surplus Value, Profit, And Theory of Capitalist Crisis; Economic Ideas of J.B. Say, J.S. Mill.	8	CO6
7	Marshall as a Great Synthesizer: Role of Time in Price Determination, Economic Methods, Ideas on Consumer's Surplus, Elasticity, Representative Firm, Quasi-Rent, Pigou: Welfare Economics; Schumpeter.	8	CO7
8	Marginalists: Essential Features of Marginalism, Cournot, and Gossen— The Marginalist Revolution: Jevons theory of value, Walras, and Menger - Bohm-Bawark, Wicksell and Fisher; Economic Ideas of Wicksteed and Weiser.	8	CO8

Reference Books:

- 1. Smith, A, An Enquiry into the Nature & Causes of the Wealth of Nations, Modern Library, New York.
- 2. Ricardo, D, Principles of the Political Economy and Taxation, Everymans Library, London.St. Clair, O, A Key to Ricardo, Routledge & Kegan Paul, London.
- 3. Blackhouse, R (1985): A History of Modern Economic Analysis, Basil Blackwell, Oxford.
- 4. Ganguli, B.N (1977): Indian Economic Thought: A 19th Century Perspective, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 5. Hajela, T.N (2011): History Of Economic Thought, Ane Books.
- 6. Hunt, E.K & Lautzenheiser, Mark (2011): History of Economic Thought: A Critical Perspective, Phi Learning.
- 7. Kautilya (1992), The Arthshastra, Translated And Introduced By L.N. Rangarajan, Penguin Books.
- 8. Loknathan, V (2009): History of Economic Thought, S. Chand & Company.
- 9. Schumpeter, J.A (1954): History of Economic Analysis, Oxford University Press, New York.

E-Learning Source:

https://swayam.gov.in/; http://www.ignouhelp.in/ignou-study-material/

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)											
PO- PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	
CO1	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	1	2	
CO2	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	
CO4	3	3	2	2	1	2	2	2	3	2	2	
CO5	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	3	
CO6	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	1	3	
CO7	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	
CO8	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	3	

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation



Integral University, Lucknow

Effectiv	e from Session	: 2025-26							
Course	Code	A080302T/HE213	Title of the Course	Micro Economics	L	Т	P	C	
Year		\mathbf{H}^{nd}	Semester	III rd	6	0	0	6	
Pre-Rec	quisite	Intermediate	Co-requisite	None					
Course O	This course is designed to expose the students to the basic principles of microeconomic theory. The emphasis will be on thinking like an eco and the course will illustrate how microeconomic concepts can be applied to analyze real-life situations								
			Course O	utcomes					
CO1	Given fundamental market structures, students will be able to analyze price and output determination under monopolistic and oligopolistic competition, using models like game theory and contestable markets.								
CO2	Based on monopoly theory, students will be able to evaluate price discrimination, social costs, and regulatory responses to monopoly in both short and long run scenarios.								
CO3	Using consumer and producer theory, students will be able to assess the role of externalities, public goods, and asymmetric information in causing market inefficiencies.								
CO4	Given shifts i	n supply and demand, students will	be able to analyze market ac	djustments and evaluate the conditions under which I	narket failu	re arises	-		
CO5	Using factor market models, students will be able to examine income distribution and derive input demand curves for labor, land, and capital under profit maximization.								
CO6	Given welfare functions.	e frameworks, students will be able	to distinguish between indiv	ridual and social welfare, and evaluate the role of val	ue judgmen	ts and so	cial wel	fare	
CO7	Based on wel social choice		be able to apply criteria such	as Pareto Optimality and Kaldor-Hicks to assess eco	onomic effic	ciency, a	nd inter	pret	
CO8	0 0	nal productivity theory and classical e determination.	/neoclassical models, studen	ts will be able to evaluate theories of rent, wage, inte	rest, and pro	ofit, and	apply th	em to	
Unit No	0.		Contact Hr	s. N	/Iapped (CO			

Unit No.	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Imperfect Competition Monopolistic competition: Assumptions, Short Run & Long Run price and output determinations under monopolistic competition, economic efficiency and resource allocation; oligopoly: assumptions, oligopoly models, game theory, contestable markets, role of government		CO1
2	Theory of a Monopoly Firm Concept of imperfect competition; short run and long run price and output decisions of a monopoly firm; concept of a supply curve under monopoly; comparison of perfect competition and monopoly, social cost of monopoly, price discrimination; remedies for monopoly: Antitrust laws, natural monopoly.		CO2
3	Consumer and Producer Theory in Action Externalities, marginal cost pricing, internalizing externalities, public goods; imperfect information: adverse selection, moral hazard, social choice, government inefficiency.	7	CO3
4	Markets and Market Failure Market adjustment to changes in demand, efficiency of perfect competition; sources of market failure: imperfect markets, public goods, externalities, imperfect information; evaluating the market mechanism.	7	CO4
5	Income Distribution and Factor pricing Input markets: demand for inputs; labor markets, land markets, profit maximization condition in input markets, input demand curves, distribution of Income	8	CO5
6	Welfare Economics: Concept & Definition of Welfare Economics. Normative &Positive Economics. Concepts of Social Welfare. Role of Value Judgment in Welfare Economics, Individual & Social Welfare.	8	CO6
7	Pareto Optimality, Conditions of Pareto Optimality. New Welfare Economics: Kaldor-Hicks Welfare Criterion. Scitovsky Paradox &Scitovsky's Double Criterion. Grand Utility Possibility Frontier. Social Welfare Function. Theories of Social Choice.	8	CO7
8	Concept of Factor income: Marginal Productivity theory, Concept of rent and Quasi rent, theories of rent: classical and modern, concept of quasi rent. Concept of Wage and Wage Determination; Theories: Classical, Neo-Classical and Modern. Concept of Interest and its theories: Classical, Neo-Classical and Modern; Concept and Theories of Profit: Classical, Neo-Classical and Modern	8	CO8

Reference Books:

- 1. Koutsyiannis, A, Modern Microeconomics, Macmillan Publishers, London.
- 2. Baumol, W.J, Economic Theory & Operation Analysis, Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi
- 3. Varian, H, Microeconomics Analysis, Viva Books, New Delhi.
- 4. Production, Price & Distribution, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi. Barthwal, R.R, Microeconomic Analysis, New Age, New Delhi.
- 5. Ahuja, H.L (2013): Advanced Economic Theory", S. Chand & Company. Shastri, Rahul. A (1999): Microeconomics", Orient Blackswan.
- **6.** Dwivedi, D.N (2011): Microeconomics-Theory & Applications", Pearson.
- 7. Lipsey, Richard & Chrystal, Alec (2011): Economics", Oxford University Press Publications, New Delhi.
- 8. Pindyck, Robert. S., Rubinfield. Daniel. L., Mehta. Prem. L (2009): Microeconomics", Pear son.
- 9. Salvatore, Dominic (2010): Principles of Microeconomics", Oxford University Press Publications, New Delhi.
 - 10. Samuelson, Paul. A& Nordhaus, William. D (2010): Economics", Tata McGraw Hill.

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CO3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	3	
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CO5	3	3	1	2	2	2	1	2	3	2	2	
CO6	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	2	
CO7	3	3	1	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	
CO8	3	3	1	2	2	2	1	2	3	2	3	

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator Sign & Seal of HoD